CAN-IDEA Toolkit Launch



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Methods / Development of the IDEA Toolkit

The IDEA Toolkit was developed through a multi-phase, evidence-informed process designed to identify challenges to inclusivity in Canadian clinical trials and generate practical strategies for improvement.

Identifying Barriers and Facilitators for Inclusive Trials
We conducted focus groups and stakeholder consultations with patients, community representatives, researchers, and health system partners to explore barriers such as underrepresentation, mistrust, and accessibility challenges, as well as facilitators that

Scoping Review of Existing Toolkits We systematically reviewed existing national and international toolkits addressing equity, diversity, and inclusion in clinical trials. This step helped us identify best practices, gaps, and lessons learned from prior initiatives to inform the structure and content of the

promote participation.

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in Canadian Clinical Trials
We analyzed available data
within Canadian clinical trial

IDEA Toolkit.

We analyzed available data on participant demographics within Canadian clinical trials to understand current patterns of representation. This provided a Canadian-specific context for tailoring recommendations to ensure the toolkit's applicability and relevance.

Together, these phases ensured the IDEA Toolkit was developed using both empirical evidence and stakeholder insights, making it a practical and contextually grounded resource for embedding inclusivity, diversity, equity, and accessibility in clinical trials.

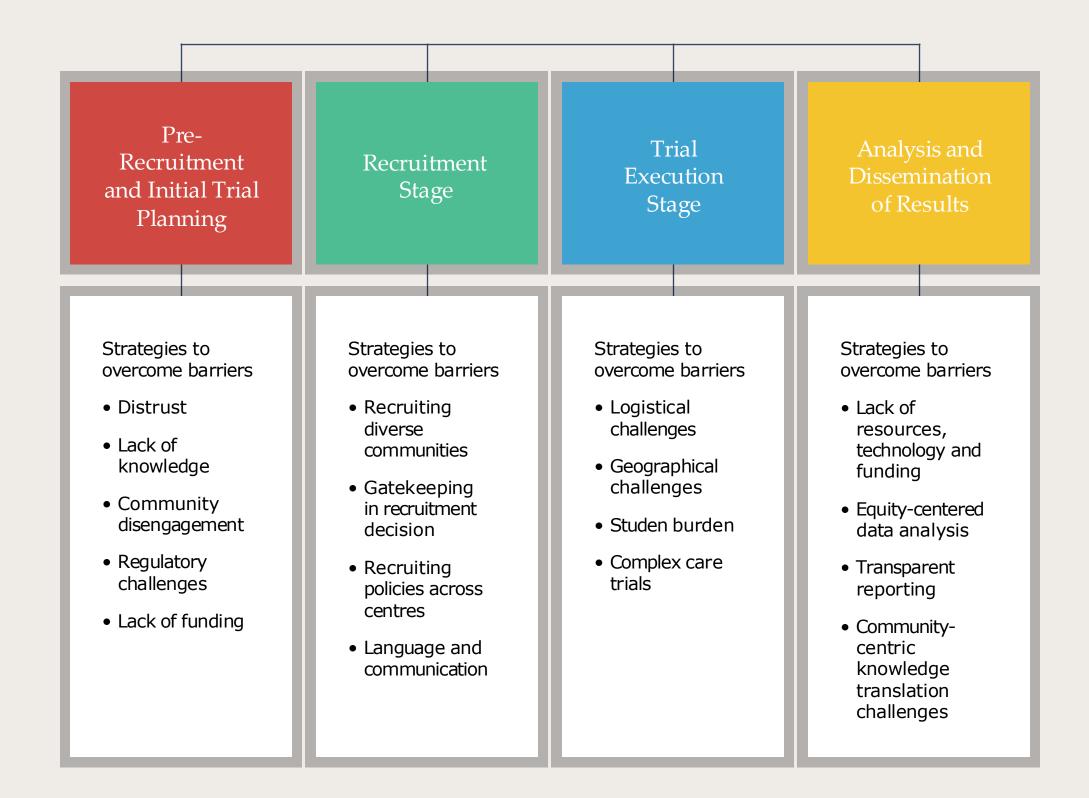
Reviewing Participant Diversity



IDEA Toolkit

Canadian Toolkit for Inclusivity, Diversity, Equity, and Accessibility in Trials

The toolkit is designed as a modular and user-friendly resource, allowing researchers to implement IDEA principles at every phase of a clinical trial. It combines practical tools, case studies, and evaluation metrics to ensure that inclusivity, diversity, equity, and accessibility are not just theoretical goals but measurable outcomes.



Pre-Recruitment and Initial Trial Planning

Laying the groundwork for inclusivity begins with deliberate planning and engagement.

A. Identified Barriers

1. Distrust

Historical mistrust of clinical research among marginalized communities

2.Lack of knowledge

Limited awareness of clinical trials among potential participants and even healthcare providers

- 3.Limited community engagement
 - Underrepresentation of diverse voices in trial design and planning
- 4. Regulatory complexity

Variations across provinces/institutions create operational challenges

5. Insufficient funding

Lack of financial support for trials focusing on diversity and inclusivity



1. Addressing Distrust ->
Guidance on Building Trust
Through Stakeholder Engagement

Community Engagement

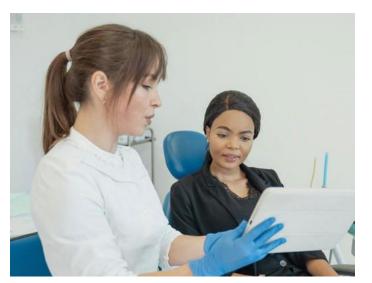
- Establish a Community Advisory Board
- Use a checklist for engaging community partners
- Host Town Halls and Listening Sessions

Participant-Facing Materials

- Lay-friendly informed consent templates
- "Myths vs. Facts" handout on clinical trials
- Multilingual patient information sheets

Investigator & Site Training Resources

- Cultural competency & implicit bias training
- Informed Recruitment Checklist (see checklist on the right).



Why trust matters

Distrust is a significant barrier to inclusive participation. Practical frameworks help trialists foster trust through transparent communication and meaningful engagement.

In	formed Recruitment Checklist
	Use clear, non-technical language.
	Provide a safe/private discussion space.
	Allow participants to bring a trusted support person.
	Offer multiple communication/participation methods.
	Allow ample decision-making time.
	Ensure culturally competent communication.
	Partner with trusted community leaders.
	Acknowledge historical harms openly.
	Train staff in trauma-informed care & implicit bias.
	Allow opt-out of sensitive questions.
	Provide fair compensation and support services.
	Share study results with participants.



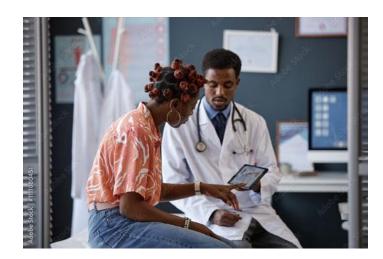
Recruitment Stage

This stage ensures outreach strategies target diverse populations and reduce barriers to participation.

A. Identified Barriers

- 1.Diverse community recruitment challenges
 Difficulty reaching and engaging underrepresented groups
- 2.Recruitment challenges
 General difficulty in enrolling participants
- 3.Gatekeeping in recruitment decisions
 Clinicians as gatekeepers which limit participant access
- 4.Recruitment policies across centers
 Inconsistent policies create barriers to recruitment
- 5.Language and communication barriers
 Limited availability of materials in multiple languages.





- Diverse community recruitment challenges -> Strategies for inclusive recruitment
- 2. Recruitment Challenges -> Evidence-based recruitment approaches
- 3. Gatekeeping in Recruitment
 Decision ->
 Training for healthcare professionals
 on ethical recruitment

- 4. Recruitment policies across centers → Standardized recruitment policy framework
- 5. Language and communication barriers -> Multilingual recruitment materials





Trial Execution Stage

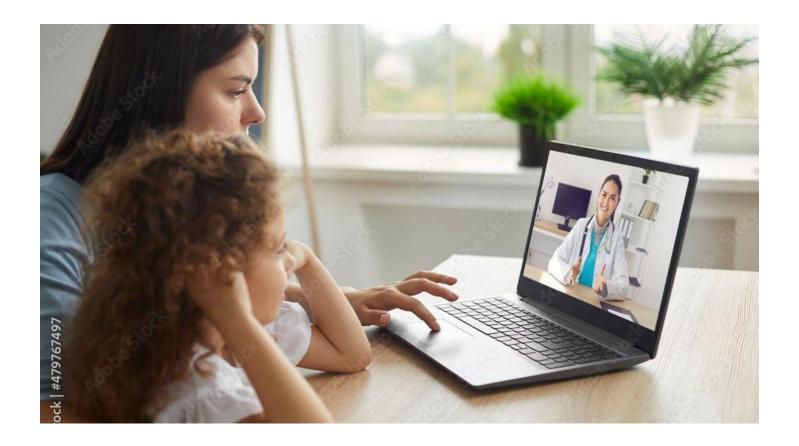
Ensuring inclusivity and accessibility during the study is vital for participant retention and data integrity.

A. Identified Barriers

- 1.Logistical challenges
 Issues with transportation, scheduling, and accessibility
- 2.Geographical challenges
 Limited access for participants in rural or remote areas
- 3.Study burden
 Time and resource demands on participants
- 4.Complex care trials
 Difficulty in executing trials involving patients with multiple conditions
- 5.Emotional impact
 Psychological strain on participants and caregivers



- 1. Logistical challenges ->
 Practical solutions for transportation,
 scheduling, and accessibility
- 2. Geographical challenges ->
 Telehealth solutions and decentralized
 trial options
- 3. Study burden -> Flexible participation options to reduce burden
- Complex care trials ->
 Guidance on conducting trials for patients with complex medical conditions





Analysis and Dissemination of Results

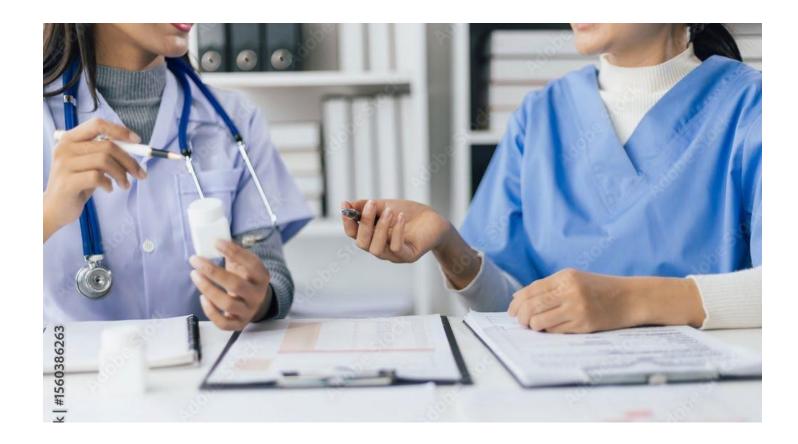
This stage emphasizes equity in data interpretation and inclusive knowledge translation.

A. Identified Barriers

- 1.Lack of resources or technology
 Limited data collection and analysis tools access
- 2.Research funding
 Difficulty in securing long-term funding for diverse and inclusive trials
- 3. Equity-centered data analysis
 Challenges in analyzing diverse participant data
- 4.Transparent reporting framework Need for clear and unbiased reportings
- 5.Community-centric knowledge translation
 Difficulty in sharing results with communities in meaningful ways



- 1. Lack of resources or technology -> Strategies to integrate cost-effective technology
- Research funding ->
 Advocacy resources for sustainable funding models
- 3. Equity-centered data analysis ->
 Best practices in analyzing diverse
 data sets
- 4. Transparent reporting framework → Guidelines on ethical and inclusive reporting
- 5. Community-Centric Knowledge Translation -> Culturally tailored dissemination strategies





Strategies Overview

Communication Engagement

Inclusive Recruitment

Analysis and Dissemination of Results

Overcoming Regulatory Challenges

Trial Execution

